

### **CODE BULLETIN C-62**

# American Chemistry Council Product Approval Code of Practice January 2018 Edition

То:	Practitioners of the American Chemistry Council Product Approval		
	Code of Practice and Interested Parties		
Original			
Issue date:	June 20, 2019		
Effective			
Date:	July 18, 2019		
Re:	Acceptance of the Sequence IIIH60 & IIIH70 into the Product Approval		
	Code of Practice – January 2018 Edition and Sequence IX MTAC Update		

The American Chemistry Council's (ACC) Product Approval Protocol Task Group (PAPTG) reached consensus to accept the Sequence IIIH60 & IIIH70 into the Product Approval Code of Practice. Sequence IIIH60 & IIIH70 information is incorporated into the following Appendices:

Appendix A- Requirements for Engine Test Stand/Laboratory Calibration Appendix B- Candidate Scheduling, Registration and Tracking Procedure Appendix F- Multiple Test Evaluation Procedures Appendix H- Guidelines for Minor Formulations Modifications Appendix I- Program Guidelines

Additionally, there has been an update to the Sequence IX MTAC and transformation of rated parameters since the Sequence IX was accepted into the Product Approval Code of Practice.

Existing text and proposed edits to the relevant Appendices are provided below. Please note: existing text and proposed edits are combined; existing text is in black and proposed edits are in **red text**.

# Existing Text and Proposed Text on Page A-1

Discussion

Details on the calibration requirements are provided in the <u>ASTM Lubricant Test Monitoring</u> <u>System (LTMS) Manual</u> defined in ASTM Test Monitoring Center Technical Memorandum 94-200. This



#### American Chemistry Council Code Bulletin C-62 June 20, 2019 Page 2

manual *must* be adhered to for the purposes of ACC calibration. The manual may be obtained from the ASTM TMC at the following address:

#### ASTM Test Monitoring Center, 6555 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15206-4489 (phone) 412/365-1000, (fax) 412/365-1047

When the use of the LTMS is called for, there is a potential need for the application of engineering judgment. The process for acceptance of such engineering judgment is included as Addendum A1, in this Appendix.

The requirements for the engine test types currently covered by the Code are defined by test type as:

Sequences IIIF, IIIFHD, IIIFVS, IIIG, IIIGA, IIIGB, IIIGVS, IIIH, IIIHA, IIIHB, IIIH60, IIIH70, IVA, IVB VG, VH, VID, VIE, VIF, VIII, IX, X; Caterpillar 1K, 1M-PC, 1N, 1P, 1R, C13, Caterpillar engine Oil Aeration Test (COAT); Mack T-8, T-8E, T-11, T-12; RFWT; Cummins ISB, ISM and Volvo T-13.

### Existing Text and Proposed Text on Page B-3

e) Test: An up-to-eight character code used to designate the type of test run.

This code is permanent for each test type and is assigned by the ACC Monitoring Agency. The Test Sponsor inserts this code.

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### Existing Text and Proposed Text on Page F-4 through F-7

#### MTEP Methods for Rated Parameters

As indicated in the "MTEP Guidelines" section above, when a specification includes requirements for handling data from multiple tests, the specified MTEP method shall be used for that specification. However, for any specification that does not specify an MTEP method (e.g., an ACEA specification); the technique specified in the following table shall be used.

Test	Type of MTEP	Parameter (Units) (note 1)
Sequence IIIF	MTAC	Kinematic Viscosity (% increase at 40°C)
	MTAC	Avg. piston skirt varnish (merits)
	MTAC	Weighted piston deposit (merits)
	MTAC	Screened avg. cam plus lifter wear (µm)
	(note 2)	Hot stuck rings
Sequence IIIFHD	MTAC	Kinematic Viscosity @ 60 h (% increase)
Sequence IIIG	MTAC	Kinematic Viscosity (% increase at 40°C)
	MTAC	Weighted piston deposit (merits)
	MTAC	Avg. cam plus lifter wear (μm)
	(note 2)	Hot stuck rings
Sequence IIIGA None No MTEP, No MTAC		No MTEP, No MTAC
Sequence IIIGB	MTAC	Phosphorus retention (%)
Sequence IIIH	MTAC	Kinematic Viscosity (% increase at 40°C)
	MTAC	Weighted piston deposit (merits)
Sequence IIIHA MTAC MRV Viscosity (%)		MRV Viscosity (%)
Sequence IIIHB	MTAC	Phosphorus retention (%)
Sequence IIIH60	MTAC	Kinematic Viscosity (% increase at 40°C)
Sequence IIIH70	MTAC	Kinematic Viscosity (% increase at 40°C)
	MTAC	Weighted piston deposit (merits)
	MTAC	Average Piston Skirt Varnish (merits)
Sequence IVA	MTAC	Avg. cam wear (µm)
Sequence IVB	MTAC	Avg Volume Loss Intake Bucket Lifter(mm <sup>3</sup> )
	MTAC	End of Test Iron (mg/kg)
Sequence VG	MTAC	Avg. engine sludge (merits)
	MTAC	Rocker arm cover sludge (merits)
	MTAC	Avg. piston skirt varnish (merits)
	MTAC	Avg. engine varnish (merits)
	MTAC	Oil screen clogging (%)
	(note 3)	Hot stuck compression rings

Page 4	11	
Sequence VH	MTAC	Avg. engine sludge (merits)
	MTAC	Rocker arm cover sludge (merits)
	MTAC	Avg. piston skirt varnish (merits)
	MTAC	Avg. engine varnish (merits)
	(note 3)	Hot stuck compression rings
Sequence VID	MTAC	FEI 2 (%)
	MTAC	FEI SUM (%)
Sequence VIE	MTAC	FEI 2 (%)
•	MTAC	FEI SUM (%)
Sequence VIF	MTAC	EEL2 (%)
Sequence VIF		FEI 2 (%) FEI SUM (%)
	MTAC	
Sequence VIII	MTAC	Bearing weight loss (mg)
Sequence IX	MTAC	Average Number of Preignitions
Soguenee V	MTAC	Maximum Event
Sequence X	MTAC	Chain Wear Stretch (%)
Caterpillar 1K	TLM	WDK (demerits)
	TLM	Top Groove Fill (%)
	TLM	Top Land Heavy Carbon (%)
	TLM	Avg. Oil Consumption (g/kW·h)
	(note 4)	Piston Ring Sticking (yes or no)
	(note 5)	Piston, Ring and Liner Scuffing (yes or no)
Caterpill	MTAC (note 6)	WTD (demerits)
ar 1MPC	MTAC	Top Groove Fill (%)
(note 5)	(note 4)	Piston Ring Sticking (yes or no)
	(note 7)	Piston, Ring and Liner Scuffing (yes or no)
Caterpillar 1N	TLM	WDN (demerits)
	TLM	Top Groove Fill (%)
	TLM	Top Land Heavy Carbon (%)
	TLM(note 4)	Oil Consumption (g/kWh)
	(note 5)	Piston Ring Sticking (yes or no)
		Piston, Ring and Liner Scuffing (yes or no)
Caterpillar 1P	TLM	WDP (demerits)
	TLM	Top Groove Carbon (demerits)
	TLM	Top Land Carbon (demerits)
	TLM	Avg. Oil Consumption (0-360h) (g/h)
	TLM(note 5)	Final Oil Consumption (312-360h) (g/h)
		Piston, Ring and Liner Scuffing (yes or no)
Caterpillar 1R	TLM	WDR (demerits)
	TLM	Top Groove Carbon (demerits)
	TLM	Top Land Carbon (demerits)
	TLM	Avg. Initial (0-252 h) Oil Consumption (g/h)
	TLM(note 5)	Avg. Final (432-504 h) Oil Consumption (g/h) Piston, Ring and Liner Scuffing (yes or no)

MDC	Cotorpillor C12 Marita
-	Caterpillar C13 Merits
	Delta Oil Consumption (g/h)
(note o)	Average Top Land Carbon (Demerits)
	Average Top Groove Carbon (Demerits)
	Second Ring Top Carbon (Demerits)
	Cummins ISM Merits
(note 8)	Crosshead Weight Loss (mg)
	Injector Screw Wear (mg)
	Oil Filter Pressure Delta (kPa)
<b>T</b> I N 4	Sludge (merits)
ILM	Top Ring Weight Loss (mg)
TLM	Average Camshaft Wear (µm)
TLM	Average Tappet Weight Loss (mg)
Mack T-8 TLM Viscosity Increase at 3.8% so	
TLM	Filter Plugging, Differential Pressure (kPa)
TLM	Oil Consumption (g/kWh)
TLM	Viscosity Increase at 3.8% soot (cSt)
TLM	Relative Viscosity at 4.8% soot (unitless number)
Mack T-11TLMTGA % Soot @ 4.0 cSt increasTGA % Soot @ 12.0 cSt increas	
TLM	Liner Wear, µm
	Top Ring Mass Loss, mg
	Lead Content at EOT, mg/kg
MRS	Cylinder Liner Wear, µm
	Top Ring Mass Loss, mg
	Delta Pb @ EOT, mg/kg
	Delta Pb 250 to 300 hours, mg/kh
	Oil Consumption, g/hr
MTAC	Top Ring Mass Loss, mg
	Cylinder Liner Wear, µm
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TLM	IR Peak at EOT, Abs., cm <sup>-1</sup>
	Kinematic Viscosity Increase at 40°C, %
MTAC	Average Aeration, 40h to 50h, %
(note 12)	
	TLM TLM TLM TLM TLM TLM TLM TLM TLM TLM

Notes:

- 1. Units for parameters in italics are transformed. See next section for specific transformations.
- 2. The majority of retained tests must not have ring sticking (hot stuck).
- 3. The majority of retained tests must not have compression ring sticking (hot stuck).
- 4. None of the retained tests may have piston ring sticking.
- 5. If three or more operationally valid tests have been run, the majority of these tests must not have scuffing. Any scuffed tests are considered non-interpretable, and no data from these tests are to be used in MTEP calculations.
- 6. Two methods of calculating WTD are used, one for API Category CF and a different one for API Category CF-2. Both methods use MTAC for handling test results.

#### American Chemistry Council Code Bulletin C-62 June 20, 2019 Page 6

- 7. None of the retained tests may have piston, ring or liner scuffing.
- 8. The parameters used in calculating the Merit Rating value are shown.
- 9. This TLM applies to Mack T-12 used in API Category CH-4.
- 10. This MRS applies to Mack T-12 used in API Category CI-4 and CJ-4.
- 11. This MTAC applies to Mack T-12 used in API Category CK-4 and FA-4.
- 12. The MTAC provision to discard any valid test result is not applicable (See Appendix F, pg. F-3, Three or More Tests, Number 2)

List of Transformations of Rated Parameters

Test	Parameter	Transformation
Sequence IIIF	Viscosity, % Increase	1/square root of the % increase at 80 hours
Sequence IIIFHD	Viscosity, % Increase	LN (PVISH060)
Sequence IIIG	Viscosity, % Increase Avg. cam plus lifter wear	LN (PVISH100) LN (ACLW)
Sequence IIIH	Kinematic Viscosity (% increase at 40°C)	LN (PVIS)
Sequence IIIHA	MRV Viscosity (%)	LN (MRV)
Sequence IIIH60	Kinematic Viscosity (% increase at 40°C)	LN(PVISH060)
Sequence IIIH70	Kinematic Viscosity (% increase at 40°C)	LN(PVISH070)
Sequence IVB	Avg Volume Loss Intake Bucket Lifter End of Test Iron	Square root (AVLI) LN (FEWMEOT)
Sequence VG	Oil Screen Clogging	LN (oil screen clogging +1)
Sequence VH	Rocker Arm Cover Sludge	LN(10 – RCS)
Sequence IX	Average Number of Preignitions	Square root (AVPIE + 0.5)
	Maximum Event	Square root (Maximum Event+0.5)
Sequence X	Chain Wear Stretch (%)	LN(Chain Wear Stretch)
Caterpillar 1K	Top Land Heavy Carbon	LN (TLHC + 1)
Caterpillar 1N	Top Land Heavy Carbon	LN (TLHC + 1)
Caterpillar 1P	Average Oil Consumption Final Oil Consumption	LN (AOC) LN (FOC)
Caterpillar C13	Delta Oil Consumption (g/h) Second Ring Top Carbon	Square root (Delta OC) LN(R2TC)

Mack T-12	Delta Pb @ EOT Delta Pb 250 to 300 hours Oil Consumption	LN (DPbEOT) LN (DPb250300) LN (OC)
Cummins ISM	Oil Filter Pressure Delta	LN (OFDP)
Volvo T-13	Kinematic Viscosity Increase at 40°C	Square root (KV40)

## Existing Text and Proposed Text on Page H-1 through H-2

The General Guidelines for minor modifications apply to all of the tests accepted into the ACC Code of Practice. Specific guidelines are provided for the following engine test Sequences IIIF, IIIG, IIIH, IIIH60, IIIH70, IVA, IVB, VG, VH, VID, VIE, VIF, VIII, IX, and X are listed in the section titled "Guidelines for Specific Engine Tests".

### **Guidelines for Specific Engine Tests**

The numbered guidelines listed here are applicable only to Sequence IIIF, IIIG, IIIH, IIIH60, IIIH70, IVA, IVB, VG, VH, VID, VIE, VIF, VIII, IX, and X engine tests. Guideline 11 must be consulted when applying these guidelines to the Sequence IX test as indicated by footnote 1 in this section. Specific tests have been included in these guidelines based on a thorough review by the Minor Formulation Modification Working Group and acceptance by the Petroleum Additives Product Approval Protocol Task Group. These tests have been judged to respond either beneficially or without harm to formulation changes allowed by the numbered guidelines. This judgment is based on collective internal company data, previous generation tests and on basic formulation knowledge.

### Existing Text and Proposed Text on Page I-1

2. When conducting base oil interchange, the final commercial formulation must contain all minor formulation modifications. For the Sequences IIIF, IIIG, IIIH, IIIH60, IIIH70, IVA, IVB, VG, VH, VID, VIE, VIF, VIII, IX, and X engine tests in the Code, the total number of changes from the tested formulations may not exceed four, including all changes made for base oil interchange. When using a matrix core data set based on the engine tests listed above, the number of changes may not exceed four. Support data, as defined in <u>Tab 1</u>, must be provided.

The Code is available online at <u>http://www.americanchemistry.com/paptg</u>. Comments to this Code Bulletin (C-62) should be sent to the PAPTG Manager <u>W.D. (Doug) Anderson</u> prior to July 18, 2019.